

DS2500

1/14-Tues.

Admin

- 1261 yesterday!
- policy reminders: lab late policy
due 9pm on same day
late deadline (labs 1-3) Feb 7th 9pm ^{hard deadline}
- lecture question: bit.ly/ds2500-lecture-9
- please say your name!

Agenda

1. Classes + Objects (OOO)
2. Class syntax + vocab
3. Python

0. Lab Review

↳ problem 1, lab 1

given a list of strings

convert to ints, empty string to 0

```
def clean_empty(lst):
```

```
    ''' given a 1d list of strings, convert all values to ints,  
    except empty string converts to zero'''
```

```
    new_lst = []
```

```
    for item in lst:
```

```
        val = int(item) if item != '' else 0
```

```
        new_lst.append(val)
```

```
    return new_lst
```

↳ after for loop
completed

return executes
once per function

if item != "":
 val = int(item)
else:
 val = 0

↳ def func():

~~~~~

return x ✓ then function ends  
return y " " " "

## 1. Classes and Objects

↳ OOD is 2 programming paradigm

procedural

~~~~~ ✓  
~~~~~ ✓  
~~~~~ ✓

object oriented

- group like elements together
- define how they interact

Python is
object-oriented!
everything is
an object

How do we get there?

(ex) start with 2 list
of Dunkin coffee prices

[2.51, 2.99, 3.51]

['s', 'm', 'l']

↳ dictionary of
sizes: prices

{ 's': 2.51,
 'm': 2.99,
 'l': 3.51 }

↳ How better?

- meaning behind
the #s
- labels are
attached to prices
- extensible for
more kinds of
drinks
- protection from
accidental dups

OOD builds on
same idea



↳ coffee class

2 attributes (variable)

- size • temp
- price • sugar
- type • milk-2st
- holiday-cup?

methods (function)

- ring-up
- exchange

In Python Project:

one file per class

class.py

- attributes
- methods

driver

main.py

- create objects
- call methods
- def main()

2. Class Syntax and Vocab

What we need to know:

- every class has exactly one **Constructor**

def __init__(self, ...):

establish attributes

↳ create an instance of the class

- self refers to current instance of class

- first param to every method

Inside a class:

self.attr = 3

self.attr2 = 185

class: abstract

object: actual thing

w/ one class, make many obj's

self. ~ attribute
~ variable
(not part of a class)

- every method has access to attributes we established in constructor

(ex) coffee.py

class Coffee:

def __init__(self, size):

self.size = size

self.price = 2.50

def meth(self):

self.price += .50

driver.py

from coffee import Coffee

def main():

c1 = Coffee('m')

c2 = Coffee('l')

c2.meth()

10:41

3. Python

this week's data: PwHL • 

↳ for each team, data for one season

Class HockeyTeam: Attributes / methods?

- #wins
 - # losses
 - # ties?
 - ticket sales
 - # secs possession
 - # shots, # points
 - Home/Away games
 - # power plays
 - city
 - starting lineup
 - ↳ Player class?
- attrs

methods:

- scoring efficiency
- unit conversions
- plot the team