

DS2000

9/10-Tues.

## Agenda

1. variables + data types
2. arithmetic operations
3. Python

## 1. variables and data types

Data Science code, in general:

1. gather data
2. computations
3. communication

...  
DS2000  
Fall 2024  
Sample code from class - lecture 1  
9/6/24  
...

```
def main():  
    name = input("What is your name?")  
    print("Hello world!")  
    print("Hello", name)  
main()
```

→ header comment  
(not seen by user)

→ main: where code begins  
→ gather data: from the user input  
→ communicate: to the user print

Variable → save information

label descriptive  
value might change

→ 415-559-2760  
label value

gather data → what data do we want?  
save data in variables

computation → analysis  
math



taking dogs to the vet:

- weight - breed - body fat %
- age - temp - # vaccinations
- gender - medical history
- diet - allergies
- test results - blood pressure
- height
- length
- fixed?

in Python  $\text{ex}$   $\text{age} = 3$

<u>label</u>	<u>value</u>
(might change)	

$\text{ex}$   $\text{age} = \text{input}(\text{"Age?":})$   
(not perfect yet!)

every variable has: label, value, data type

$\text{ex}$   $\text{LBS\_PER\_KILO} = 2.2$

<u>constant</u>	<u>value</u>
(doesn't change)	

data type

int

float

string

boolean

Python ex

$\text{age} = 3$

$\text{weight} = 30.4$

$\text{breed} = \text{"cattle dog?"}$

$\text{fixed} = \text{True}$

## 2. arithmetic operations

computation step! Data types: int, float

label = computation  
 $\downarrow$  → first!  
 then, value is assigned

$\text{ex}$   $\text{age} = 3$   
 $\text{age} = \underline{\text{age}} + 1$  ~ age is 4 now  
3 is gone!

$\text{ex}$   $\text{avg-ht} = (\text{ht1} + \text{ht2}) / 2$   
 $\downarrow$  ↳ compute first  
 then, assign to variable

## operators

+ plus  
/ divide  
- minus  
\* multiply

## fun ones

\*\* exponent  
// int divide

$2 ** 5$        $2^5$   
 $2 ** .5$        $\sqrt{2}$   
 $x // y$

how many times does  
y go into x?

---

$x \% y$   
remainder when x  
divided by y

## % modulo

(ex)

$10 / 3$       3.3333

$10 // 3$       3       $10 \% 3$       1

$10 // 4$       2       $10 \% 4$       2

$10 // 10$       1       $10 \% 10$       0

$10 // 15$       0       $10 \% 15$       10

## 3. Python

var  $\_\_$  =  $\_\_$  value      spaces around operators

# comment      describes code below

today's code:

- gather data: dog's weight in kg
- computation: convert to pounds
- communicate: tell user wt in pounds