

DS2000

10/15 - Tues.

Admin

- HW4 due 10/19 4pm
- HW5 out 10/18, due 10/25 4pm
- mini exam #2 (two weeks) ~in class 10/29

Agenda

1. Variable scope
2. 2D lists
3. Python

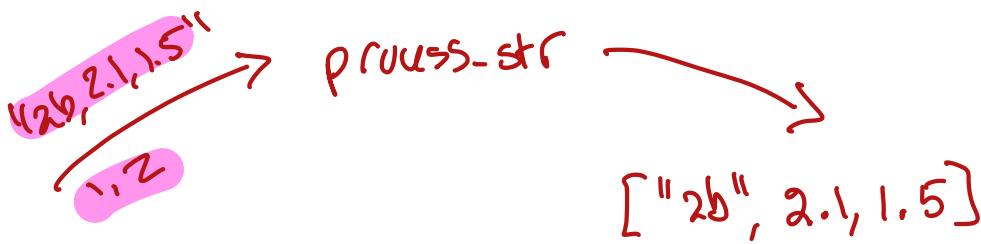
Review → 2 functions from Fri

(?) What do func return?

```
def process_str(whole_str, long, lat):  
    """  
    parameters: a string, two ints (positions)  
    returns: a list of strings, except at the two given positions  
    does: splits the given string into a list of strings, converts  
          the two positions to floats  
    ...  
    lst = whole_str.split(",")  
    lst[lat] = float(lst[lat])  
    lst[long] = float(lst[long])  
    return lst  
  
def find_city(lst, city, city_pos):  
    """  
    parameters: lst of floats/strings, string for city, int for city_pos  
    returns: boolean  
    does: finds if the given city exists in the list at the given position  
    ...  
    if city in lst[city_pos]:  
        return True  
    else:  
        return False
```

res = process_str("2b,2.1,1.5",
1,2)

res = find_city(["Boston"],
"Bos",
0)



1. Variables/Scope

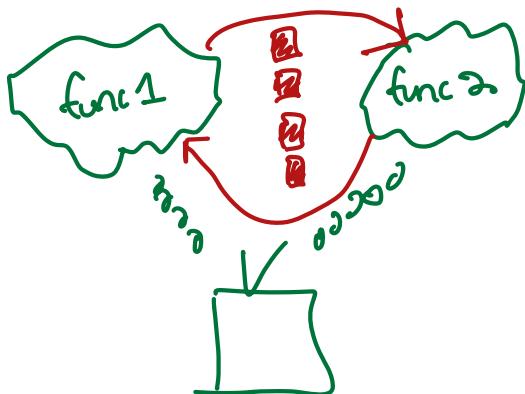
A function ...

- is **standalone**
- mini program
- has one job

- gets into via params
(0 or more!)

- print is for ↗
- return is for ↘

- gives into via return
(0 or 1)



functions can't see each others variables/parameters!

variable / param names can be the same, or not!

```
def main():
    x=7
    ...
    return
```

↙ Functions are like this!

```
def spam(z):
    b = z * 3
    return b
```

z is a parameter (float/int)
b is a local variable

```
def main():
```

b = 7

z = 8

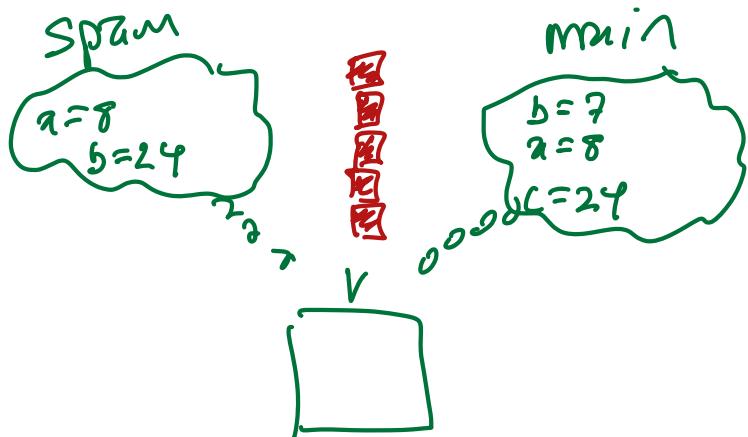
c = spam(z)

z = 12

main()

Spam: b 24

main: b 7



sep. values!

spam: 2 ↗

main: 2 ↗

(*) def spam(a):
 b = a * 3
 return b
 30

def eggs(a, b):
 a = b * 2
 return a + 2
 3 30

def main():
 → a = 10
 30 a = spam(a)
 b = 3
 10

a = eggs(b, a)
 42 3 30

spams a 10
 b 30

eggs: a 3 60
 b 30

main: a 10 30 62
 b 3

what are values of
parameters/variables?