CS3000: Algorithms & Data — Summer '23 — Laney Strange

Scheduling - Greedy

This is an optimization problem. We have a list of activities denoted by their start times s and finish times f. Two activites a_i, a_j are compatible if $f[i] \leq s[j]$ or $f[j] \leq s[i]$. We want to create a set S of compatible activities, and we want that set S to be optimal. In this case, we are optimizing for number of activities – we want |S| to be as large as possible.

The algorithm below takes in two arrays s and f – the start and finish times of our activities. The arrays are the same length, and correspond with each other: Activity a_i has start time s[i] and finish time f[i]. It returns a set of indices.

```
SCHEDULING(s,f)

1 sort s and f by finish time

2 S = \{1\}

3 k = 1

4 for m = 2 to n

5 if s[m] \ge f[k]

6 S = S \cup \{m\}

7 k = m

8 return S
```

We typeset the pseudocode above with the following LATEX:

```
\begin{codebox}
\Procname{$\proc{Scheduling}(s, f)$}
\li sort $s$ and $f$ by finish time
\li $S \gets \{1\}$
\li \$k \gets 1$
\li \For \$m \gets 2 \To n\$
\Do
\li \If \$s[m] \ge f[k]\$
\Then
\li \$S \gets S \cup \{m\}\$
\li \$k \gets m\$
\End
\End
\Li \Return \$S\$
\end{codebox}
```