

# CS3000: Algorithms & Data — Summer 2025 — Laney Strange

Recitation 2

Date: May 13th, 2025

Name:

- Recitation problems are for practice only. We'll go over the solutions during your scheduled recitation on Tuesday!
- We will provide `.tex` starter files for recitations, just as we do for homeworks. For most recitations, we encourage you to work out your solution in  $\text{\LaTeX}$  to practice with typesetting.
- Collaboration is strongly encouraged during recitation!

**Problem 1.** *Proof by Induction - Summation*

Prove that the sum of the first  $n$  positive integers is  $\frac{(n)(n+1)}{2}$

**Predicate**  $S(n)$  states that  $\sum_{i=1}^n i = \frac{(n)(n+1)}{2}$ .

**Logic Statement**  $\forall n \in \mathbb{Z}^+, S(n)$

In your solution below, make sure you include the base case, inductive hypothesis (assume true for  $S(k)$  for an arbitrary  $k$ ), and inductive step (show  $S(k) \implies S(k+1)$ ).

**Solution:**

**Problem 2.** *Proof by Induction - Correctness*

Consider the pseudocode below for a recursive algorithm.

RECURSIVE( $n$ )

```
1  if  $n == 1$ 
2      return 1
3  return  $n + \text{RECURSIVE}(n - 1)$ 
```

- What would this function return in the following examples?

1. RECURSIVE(1)

**Solution:**

2. RECURSIVE(2)

**Solution:**

3. RECURSIVE(3)

**Solution:**

4. RECURSIVE(4)

**Solution:**

- Show by mathematical induction that, in general, RECURSIVE( $n$ ) returns  $n + (n-1) + (n-2) + \dots + 1$  for all positive integers  $n$ .

**Solution:**